

MINERS TO MEET.

The Idle Day Question to be Discussed.

NEWS OF THE DISTRICT.

District President William Morgan Organizes a Union at Canal Fulton—Miners Who Have Taken to Steadier Employment in Massillon.

The miners of the Massillon district will hold a mass meeting at East Greenville on next Wednesday for the purpose of taking action on the idle day question. The iron-clad rule of the past which prevented any miner from making ready coal or doing entry work on days that the mine was not in operation was departed from a short time ago to relieve certain operators who claimed that their mines were in bad shape and that every minute of delay added to the trouble. Their entrymen and others were permitted to work, and now other operators and miners are demanding the same privilege, though the officials of the union claim they are not justified in so doing. The leaders of the miners' organization will suggest the adoption of a resolution to all remain away from the mines when they are not in operation.

President Howells, of the Massillon District Coal Operators' Association, while he does not think it fair that at some mines the men are allowed to work on idle days and at others they are not, is of the opinion that it is a case of cutting off the nose to spite the face for the miners to decide to stay away from the mines when there are no cars. "If the miners," said he, "would devote an idle or a half of an idle day to preparing coal, the next day the mine would work that much more coal. Some of our men walk miles to work. We may have only a few cars on hand, probably enough for a half day's work, and when they are filled we must suspend operations for the day. Now to compel those men to go home when by remaining a few hours they could do work that would mean dollars is not just. But the union insists that when the mine stops the miner must stop; when the mine is idle the miner must be idle, though the operators would only be too glad to have him work. It frequently happens that when we get flats, they are more than enough for one day's work, but not enough for two or one and a half. Well, our customers are clamoring for coal and we have two or three empty cars and could ship at once if the coal were out of the mine, but there is no use in calling the men together for a few hours' work. The empty cars may stand there for a week. If the men had made coal ready on an idle day, they could have filled those three extra cars on the same day as the others. To allow the men to work on idle days would help the miner, would help us and would help our customers."

MINERS NOT IN THE MINDS.
Many Massillon miners are now employed at other works in Massillon at present. Wages at any kind of labor are good at present, and the employment is steadier than mining. A number of miners are working for the contractors doing the grading at the steel plant's site.

THAT "PHENOMENAL DEMAND."
Referring to an article which has appeared in Cleveland newspapers to the effect that the demand for coal at present is phenomenal and is sure to result in an increase of wages for the miners throughout the country, having already brought the price of the product up to the top-notch, Hon. Anthony Howells, president of the Massillon District Coal Operators' Association, today said:

"The demand is no greater than usual, but the scarcity of cars is, and by reason of this fact we are unable to fill orders as promptly as we ought. This, of course, causes what appears to be a large demand for coal. For instance, the mines operated by our company worked but ten days last month. If we had had cars we could have worked every day, for we had the orders and the coal. Now supposing that we had had the cars and that we had worked twenty days last month, and supposing that every other mine in the district had worked the same number of days, would the demand be still so great? The output of the district would have been doubled, and then probably the situation would have been changed completely, the supply in a short time exceeding the demand. Now this apparent demand is not because we have no coal, and not because we have no men. We have plenty of each. It is entirely due to the scarcity of cars. At least that is so of this district. We expect an improvement in the situation within a short time, for with the close of the lake trade, cars now hauling ore to and from the lake ports will be given to the coal trade.

"Another cause of what has been termed a phenomenal demand," continued Mr. Howells, "is the high lake freight rates which prevailed during the summer. Coal operators having contracts which necessitated shipment across the lakes held off as long as they could, hoping to see the rates come down. They withheld every ton of coal they possibly could, and now, with the end of the shipping season in sight and freight rates somewhat lower, they are doing all they can to carry out their contracts.

They are attempting to make up for the time they lost last summer. The constant call for coal of the people whose contracts should have been filled during the summer gives one not familiar with the situation the idea that the demand is because more coal is being consumed. It is to be expected that the miners will make a demand for an increase in pay at the January conference, and I see no reason why it should not be given them, provided, of course, that the increase will go into effect everywhere. One district cannot increase its miners' wages unless the others do. That is a self-evident fact."

A LOCAL ORGANIZED.
District President William Morgan Thursday organized the miners of the Mitchener mine, near Canal Fulton, into a local union, the following officers being elected: John Johnson, president; L. C. Bowman, secretary; H. Walker, treasurer; J. Kitt, checkweighman. Mr. Morgan says the miners of the district are now thoroughly organized, every mine or locality having its branch of the union.

HE'S THROWN DOWN

Another Good Democrat Claims a Wrong.

HENRY HOTZBACH'S WOES.

After Promising Him a Deputyship, He Says Candidate Schlafly Turned Him Adrift—Political Meeting and Cake Walk at Tammany Hall.

Henry Hotzbach, who was the campaign manager of Frank B. Schlafly, Democratic candidate for sheriff, previous to the nomination, is in deep trouble. "Schlafly," said he today, "has thrown me down. I have not said that I shall work for Zaiser, for I'm not the kind to sour on the party because of a personal matter, but Mr. Schlafly will be brought to account. I want him to make up to me the money I spent for him when he ran for the nomination. Our agreement was that if he was elected he would make me deputy. Now he has promised the deputyships to other fellows, and I am out in the cold. It's mean treatment, after all I've done for him."

Democrats are rejoicing over the announcement of one of their number that the fifty-two miners who left the Massillon district for Utah a few days ago were all Republicans. Republican managers, however, say that it will merely be a cutting down of the Republican majority, as the indications are that every candidate will receive a margin that fifty-two cannot decrease to the point of defeat.

Again has Councilman Peter Smith had greatness thrust upon him. He never wanted to be a candidate for office, but his friends always trotted him out, and Thursday evening he did not want to participate in the Tammany hall cake walk, but an obstreperous multitude would not hush until it saw him, with the coquet of maidens on his arm, prancing down the line with a grace that no "Race Horse Charley" ever taught. It won him the cake in the first round. Miss Mamie Youngblood was Mr. Smith's partner. The affair last night was one of the biggest things Tammany ever had. It was called a "German village." Speeches by William Morgan, of East Greenville, Democratic candidate for representative; J. K. Bowers, Democratic probate judge candidate; Peter Smith, president of Tammany, and C. L. Frantz were sandwiched between the cake walk and the dance. Sauerkraut and other things were served in a tent and dancing took place in the old engine house, near the reservoir.

JOYCE HESS.

A Wedding in South Erie Street Wednesday Evening.

The marriage of Miss Lillian Hess, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Hess, to Charles J. Joyce, of Wellston, took place at the home of the bride's parents, 393 South Erie street, on Wednesday evening at half past seven. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. John I. Wilson. The bride wore a gown of white mousseline de soie and carried sweet and other foliage of the season decorated the house. About fifty guests were present at the wedding and at the reception following. Mr. and Mrs. Joyce will leave next week for Wellston, where they will reside.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

Organization of the Men of the McKinley Mine.

The miners of the McKinley mine, who were organized into a branch of the United Mine Workers of America by District President Morgan, of East Greenville, Wednesday afternoon, elected the following officers: James Define, president; Amos Stahl, secretary; Thomas Morgan, treasurer; Jacob Plouts, John McGuire and W. Scott, mine committee; James Define, checkweighman. The McKinley mine is near Elton. Today Mr. Morgan is organizing the men at the Mitchener mine, near Canal Fulton.

Joseph Stockford, Hodgdon, Me., healed a sore running for seventeen years and cured his piles of long standing by using De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve. It cures all skin diseases. Rider & Snyder and Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street.

SCENE OF ACTIVITY.

Large Force at Work at the Steel Plant Site.

PART OF SWITCH IS DONE.

Another Big Shipment from the Table Works—Effect of the South African Trouble on Massillon Industries—News of Other Works.

The site for the works of the Massillon Iron and Steel Company, now a scene of great activity, is so interesting to Massillonians that every day, particularly Sunday, crowds of people can be seen going over the grounds. Men and teams are hard at work grading for the buildings. The switch to the place has been partially completed, and cars containing tools and other things needed by the workmen were hauled over it today. The work is being pushed with astonishing rapidity, which means the fulfillment of all the company's plans for the future.

The state of affairs in South Africa, strange as it may seem, has an effect that is felt in Massillon. Local mills usually grinding for the foreign markets are giving their product to this country exclusively at present. They are afraid to make contracts, for should there be a war in Africa, English ships now in the merchant marine service would be called in by the government, and freight rates would immediately go sky-high. The flour would have to be sent just the same, however, probably at a great loss.

Eighty tables were today shipped from the works of the Ohio Table Company. Some were consigned to New York dealers, and others were sent to Cleveland. Manager Arnold says the Massillon demand for the table is not very heavy, though several have been sold in the neighborhood. More mechanics are expected to arrive from Cleveland on Sunday, and other additions to the force are to be made within the next week which will bring the force up to about forty. The new building south of the Harrison works has caused many curious people to ask questions. Henry Shriver, who erected the structure, and who is said to be interested in the concern which will occupy it, however, makes no statements.

COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

Suit Against the Pennsylvania for Damages.

CANTON, Oct. 12.—Peter J. McCurdy, with H. B. Weber as attorney, has begun a \$2,000 suit against the Pennsylvania railway company. Plaintiff claims damages in that sum for the loss of several fingers while making a coupling in the Canton yards some time ago.

A joint meeting of county commissioners and infirmity directors was held at the latter institution today, at which proposed improvements were discussed.

H. C. Clark, who received a two years' penitentiary sentence Monday, was taken to Columbus by Sheriff Zaiser today.

Marriage licenses have been granted to Charles J. Joyce and Lillian M. Hess, of Massillon; Frank Blackburn and Myrtle Hughes, of East Greenville, and Walter L. Hollinger and Florence Farmer, of North Lawrence.

COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

The Executors of John Poorman Defendants in a Case.

CANTON, Oct. 14.—With R. A. Pinn as her attorney, Naomi A. Poorman, has filed a petition in common pleas court, naming L. G. Stahl and Peter L. Poorman as executors of the will of John Poorman, as defendants, asking for \$1,200, with interest from March 27, 1898, alleged to be due from money loaned to deceased during life.

John Gill, of Canal Fulton, has begun suit in common pleas court for \$480, against Thomas D. Wagner and George Gringle, alleged to be due for the non-fulfillment of a contract. R. W. McCaughey is plaintiff's attorney.

A divorce has been granted in the case of Hanneman vs. Hanneman.

The case of Long vs. Long has been dismissed.

CANTON, Oct. 14.—Clerk of Courts Casselman has completed the fifth assignment for the common pleas court. The cases will be heard before Judge McCarty next week. The assignment is as follows:

Monday forenoon, Oct. 16, 1899.—Hearing motion dockets. Afternoon, Zartman vs. Marchand; Hering vs. Powers, et al.; Holloway Paving Brick Co. vs. Spiro; Wise, trustee, et al., vs. Spiro et al.

Tuesday, Oct. 17.—McNichol's admr. vs. Brown, Guard, et al.; Whetstone, et al. vs. Smith, treas., et al.; Ohio ex rel. Chisler vs. Yonley; Houser vs. Shriver.

Wednesday, Oct. 18.—Melbush vs. Melbush's assignee; Wolf vs. Holl, et al.; Loichot vs. Peoples Savings Bank Co.; Aromand vs. Aromand.

Thursday, Oct. 19.—Newhouse vs. Hatcher, et al.; Feller vs. Johnston; Peoples Savings Bank Co., vs. Loichot et al.; Snyder vs. Snyder; Greengameyer vs. Numan, et al.

Friday, Oct. 20.—Walker's admr. vs. Walker, et al.; Patton's exr. vs. Sandals, et ux. et al.; Hosler, trustee vs. Dime Savings Bank Co. et al.

Ladies' heavy sole, kid lace shoes at \$2, \$2.25 and \$2.50. Suhr & Zepp.

MEETING POSTPONED.

The Republican Rally will Occur Later A Misunderstanding.

Owing to a misunderstanding, Chairman Johnson, of the Republican executive committee, authorized the announcement made last night that Senator Thurston, of Nebraska, would speak in Massillon on October 18. The Republican central committee has decided in view of the shortness of the time left in which to advertise the meeting, to postpone it for the present. A meeting will be held later on of which ample notice will be given.

ASYLUM TRUSTEES.

Monthly Meeting Held at Institution Today.

BUSINESS TRANSACTED.

After the Meeting, Dr. and Mrs. Richardson Were Presented with a Handsome Loving Cup by the Board—A Fine Present from the Attaches.

The trustees of the Massillon state hospital who are attending the regular monthly meeting at the institution today are President McMahon, of Cambridge; Dr. Carpenter, of Columbus; Dr. Howard, of Cuyahoga Falls, and Mr. Copeland, of Marion. Superintendent Richardson, who will leave Monday for Washington; Superintendent Eymann, of Cleveland, who will succeed Dr. Richardson, and F. L. Packard, of Columbus, the architect of the institution, are also present.

The resignation of Superintendent Richardson, presented at the last meeting, was accepted. The accounts for the past month were approved and ordered paid. Dr. Richardson gave the board a summary of all the work done at the institution during the past several years, and a statement of the present condition of affairs. The gas question was discussed for some time, and the contract presented by the East Ohio Gas Company was referred back with several suggested changes. If these are accepted, gas will take the place of coal at the institution this winter.

The trustees, Dr. Eymann and Mr. Packard were the guests of Dr. and Mrs. Richardson while here. At lunch, a handsome loving cup was presented to Dr. and Mrs. Richardson by the board of trustees. The presentation speech was made by President McMahon. Dr. Richardson responded. The attaches of the institution, Friday evening, during the dance in the amusement hall, presented Dr. and Mrs. Richardson with a set of solid silver knives and forks. Assistant Superintendent Clark spoke for the presenters, and Dr. Richardson delivered a brief address in response.

W. & L. E. CHANGE.

General Freight and Passenger Agent Townsend to Resign.

It is reported on good authority that Fred Townsend, general freight and passenger agent of the Wheeling, is to leave the service of the company. He steps higher, to the position of traffic manager of the American Tube Company. The change is to occur November 1. Mr. Townsend came to the Wheeling from the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling. He resigned the position of general freight agent of the C. L. & W. to accept the position of assistant general freight agent of the Wheeling. Two years ago he was moved to Toledo and given charge of the passenger department in addition to his duties as assistant freight agent. When the headquarters of the company were moved to Cleveland he was again promoted. His title was raised to that of general freight and passenger agent.—Toledo Blade.

MILK GOES UP.

All Dairymen Now Have a Six-cent Rate.

The price of milk has been advanced from five to six cents a quart in Massillon. Members of the dairymen's association say that it will cost more to keep cattle this winter than last, and that there would be no money in the sale of milk at the old price. In the spring, they state, the old rate of five cents will again go into effect. Many of the dairymen began to sell at six cents on Monday, but the rate was not adopted by all until today.

FORMERLY LIVED HERE.

Erstwhile Massillonian Killed in a Clay Bank.

John Martindale, who was killed at North Industry by a cave-in at a clay bank on Thursday, was a former resident of Massillon. For some time past he had lived on the Herbruck farm, between Canton and North Industry. Mr. Martindale was 45 years old, and leaves a wife and seven children.

"When our boys were almost dead from whooping cough, our doctor gave One Minute Cough Cure. They recovered rapidly," writes P. B. Belles, Argyle, Pa. It cures coughs, colds, grippe and all throat and lung troubles. Rider & Snyder, and C. W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street.

It's a mistake to imagine that itching piles can't be cured; a mistake to suffer a day longer than you can help. Doan's Ointment brings instant relief and permanent cure. At any drug store, 50 cents.

THE WAR IN AFRICA.

Boers Capture Another Armored Train.

ASSAULTS ON MAFEKING.

Three Thousand Burghers Encamped in Natal, and Ten Thousand Near Kimberley—English Commander-in-Chief Starts Today.

[By Associated Press to The Independent.]

LONDON, Oct. 14.—A dispatch from Capetown says the Boers have blown up another armored train which was carrying telegraph operators to Mafeking. The train blown up yesterday was conveying a battery of two seven pound guns. Fifteen British soldiers were killed and all the others taken prisoners. The greatest anxiety is felt at Capetown regarding the garrison at Mafeking. Colonel Cronje with his command of ten thousand Boers may assault the place any hour, and as he has control of the railroad it is impossible to reinforce the garrison.

Later dispatches say that the Boers have made several assaults on Mafeking, but were repulsed. The Boers have seized the railway between Vryburg and Kimberley.

A dispatch from Durban says the Boers had not occupied Newcastle on Thursday, when the last train left there with the railway telegraph and police officials. The Boers are encamped at Ingogo, fifteen miles from Newcastle.

FIGHTING IN NATAL.

Three Thousand Boers Now in that Province.

KIMBERLY, Oct. 14.—[By Associated Press]—Reports have reached here, officially confirmed, of fighting at Kraaipan. A strong force of Boers has occupied Spitzkop, near Dundee, and three thousand are encamped on the old battle field of Ingogo.

BULLER STARTS.

He Will Have Command of all South African Forces.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—[By Associated Press]—The Prince of Wales and the Duke of Cambridge accompanied General Sir Redvers Buller to the train today, as he left to take command in South Africa. Boundless enthusiasm and loyalty were shown by the crowds on the streets and at the railway station.

TRAIN HELD UP.

Robbers Secure Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars.

CHICAGO, Oct. 14.—[By Associated Press]—Train No. 9, on the Northwestern railroad was robbed about midnight near Dekalb. The robbers stopped the train by binding the operator at the signal tower at Elburn and setting signals to stop. They blew up the safe, and it is supposed got \$25,000 from the American express.

THE SULTAN DROWNED.

Women of the Harem Suspected of Complicity.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—[By Associated Press]—A special from Bucharest says the Sultan of Turkey was drowned last night. Several women of the harem are suspected of complicity with members of the young Turkish party in causing the Sultan's death.

KILLED TWO HUNDRED.

General Schwan's Further Progress Stopped.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—[By Associated Press]—General Otis cables that General Schwan's further progress is prevented by the condition of the roads. He reports two hundred insurgents killed and four hundred wounded.

ENGLISH COMBINE.

Not the Result of Our Protective Tariff.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—[By Associated Press]—All the firms engaged in the calico printing trade in Lancashire and Scotland have combined, with a capital of fifty million dollars.

For the "Wonderful Japanese Oil" a liniment the famous "Dr. Swan's Liver and Kidney Cure" a great blood purifier silver ware, made by the Royal Manufacturing Co. of Detroit, Mich. "The Larkin Family and Toilet Soap," etc., etc., also "The Physicians and Surgeons' Soap," guaranteed to be made of pure vegetable oils go to

TINA REPERT, 56 W. Cherry St., Massillon, O.

Eat plenty, Kodol Dyspepsia Cure will digest what you eat. It cures all forms of dyspepsia and stomach troubles. E. R. Gamble, Vernon, Tex., says: "I relieved me from the start and cured me. It is now my everlasting friend." Rider & Snyder and C. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St.

FROM NEARBY TOWNS.

WEST BROOKFIELD AFFAIR—

WEST BROOKFIELD, Oct. 12.—Charles Roan spent Sunday in Akron.

Sunday School Association Day will be observed in the churches at this place on Sunday, October 22.

Mrs. S. H. Moore, who has been troubled with heart disease for the past year, is very low at present.

Miss Louise Bennett went to Cleveland the other day, where she will be under the care of a physician.

The official board of the new M. E. charge, including West Massillon, West Brookfield and East Greenville, had a meeting in the M. E. church at this place Tuesday evening. As there were but a few present, no definite arrangements were made. Another meeting will probably be called next week.

The mines are working every day at present.

STANWOOD SOCIETY.

STANWOOD, Oct. 12.—Jacob Von Guntzen, Jr., is driving on the farm owned by the Stoner heirs.

J. M. Reese met with a serious accident Monday while loading a car of coal to the Krause mine No. 4. He was injured by a fall of top coal breaking two ribs and otherwise injuring him.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. J. Schilling and son Harry were Akron visitors last week.

The farmers hereabouts are busy husking corn.

Jacob Ringley, Jr., is ill with typhoid fever.

Ray Oberlin is attending the high school at Dalton.

A TEACHER ELECTED.

NAVARRE, Oct. 12.—At a meeting of the school board last evening, Miss Reed, of Wilmot, was chosen as the successor of Miss Monnet, of Louisville, who has resigned her position as teacher of the intermediate department. Miss Kittie Siefert has had charge of the department since school opened. She, however, is not a candidate for the position, and taught merely to give the board time in which to select a teacher.

Mrs. Michael Zintsmaster is very ill. Her daughter, Miss Mary Zintsmaster, has been called home from Greenville.

KOCH IS STIRRING.

KOCH, Oct. 12.—Mrs. Girard is visiting relatives in Orrville.

Three cases of typhoid fever are reported in Apple Creek.

Joseph Haley is attending the Orrville street fair today.

William Beeler attended the Smedley sale Tuesday, and bought a wagon load of furniture.

Jacob Herman was in town today on business.

Leo Semohn is putting in his time digging peanuts. He intends to furnish peanuts this winter for A. Latchat, the restaurant man.

DIPHTHERIA AT GREENVILLE.

EAST GREENVILLE, Oct. 13.—The township board of health is having a hard fight with an epidemic of diphtheria. The schools have not been opened this term, although the time set is a month back. The board fears that the disease will spread to such an extent that they will be unable to battle with it if the schools are opened.

TRANSPLED BY A HORSE.

CRYSTAL SPRING, Oct. 12.—John, the little son of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Head, who reside north of town, fell from a horse which he was riding from a pasture field to the barn on Wednesday. The little fellow lost his balance and grasping hold of the mane the animal started to run, dragging the boy about one hundred feet when he fell to the ground. The horse stepped upon his face and body, leaving imprints of the hoofs and shoes wherever they struck. He was carried to the house and a physician summoned. An examination showed that no bones were broken, but the boy was badly bruised and had deep cuts on his head. His injuries are not serious, but he will carry scars a lifetime.

Instantly Killed.

MIDDLEBRANCH, Oct. 12.—Andrew Cordier, a 5-year-old lad, son of Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Cordier, was instantly killed by a W. & L. E. train at 5:30 o'clock Wednesday afternoon. The boy started to cross the tracks not seeing the approaching train. He was horribly mangled.

OBITUARY NOTICES.

MRS. SUSAN ZINTSMASTER.

NAVARRE, Oct. 13.—Mrs. Susan Zintsmaster, wife of Michael Zintsmaster, residing south of Navarre, died yesterday afternoon. The funeral services will be held at the Navarre Evangelical church at 1 o'clock Sunday afternoon, the Rev. J. E. Duzek, of Massillon, officiating. Mrs. Zintsmaster was 92 years old, and the mother of nine children, all of whom survive her. Among them are John and Lane Zintsmaster, both business men of this town. Mrs. Zintsmaster had been an invalid for two years. The immediate cause of death was pneumonia, with which she was ill but three days.

President King, Farmers' bank, Brookline, Mich., has used DeWitt's Little Early Risers in his family for years. Says they are the best. These famous little pills cure constipation, biliousness and all liver and bowel troubles. Rider & Snyder, and C. W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street.

It Saved Her Life.

MISS MAMIE SMITH, Middleboro, Ky., writes, "My little sister had the croup very bad. I gave her several doses of Foley's Honey and Tar and she was instantly relieved. It saved her life. Rider & Snyder."

THE INDEPENDENT.

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY.

INDEPENDENT BUILDING,
30 N. Erie Street, - - MASSILLON, O.

WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1863.
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887.
SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1896.

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.
BOTH TELEPHONES NO. 60.

THE EVENING INDEPENDENT IS ON
SALE AT BARNES'S BOOK STORE, BARNES'S
CIGAR STAND (HOTEL CORNER),
AND BERT HANKIN'S NEWS STAND IN
NORTH MAIN STREET.

MONDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1899

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

For Lieutenant Governor,
JOHN A. CALDWELL,
of Hamilton county.

For Auditor,
W. D. GILBERT,
of Noble county.

For Treasurer,
I. B. CAMERON,
of Columbiana county.

For Attorney General,
JAMES M. SHEETS,
of Putnam county.

For Judge of Supreme Court,
W. Z. DAVIS,
of Marion county.

For Member Board of Public Works,
FRANK HUFFMAN,
of Allen county.

For State Senator,
GEORGE W. WILHELM,
of Marion county.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET

For Common Pleas Judge,
WARREN W. HOLE,
of Hamilton county.

For Representative,
JACOB B. SNYDER,
ROBERT A. POLLOCK,
CLARK W. METZGER.

For Probate Judge,
MAURICE E. AUNGST.

For Prosecuting Attorney,
ROBERT H. DAY.

For Treasurer,
W. HARVEY SMITH.

For Sheriff,
JOHN J. ZAISER.

For County Commissioner,
JOSEPH B. SUMNER.

For Infirmary Director,
ANDREW REESE.

This week's trade conditions are reported to be brighter than ever, with manufacturers crowded beyond their producing capacity. It is easily apparent why most of the Democratic newspapers fail to publish the Dun and Bradstreet reviews.

That the soon-to-be-completed Democratic poll of the state will show that a majority of the voters are in favor of John R. McLean is a foregone conclusion, not because they are, but because it will be to the financial benefit of the Boss's paid agents to make him believe that he runs a chance of being elected. The spigot of the McLean barrel must not be turned off until after November 2.

W. A. Lynch, president of the Canton-Massillon Electric Railway Company, says that the road from Canton to Akron will be built next spring. If residents of Canton and Akron can be advised by their brethren of Massillon and Navarre they will not allow themselves to be buoyed up by any great hope regarding the accomplishment of this design on the part of Mr. Lynch's company. A somewhat similar promise was made by Mr. Lynch for several years when the Canton-Massillon Electric Railway Company held a franchise for a road from Massillon to Navarre. The road was never built, and the \$3,000 bond, thereby forfeited, will only be collected when the suit against the company now pending is pushed to a conclusion.

Boss McLean's newspaper champions in various parts of the state are illuminating their columns with the information that "the tariff is the mother of the trust." Now the fact is that free-trade England has 157 trusts and 132 of them are more than five years old, so that trusts appear to thrive as well under free-trade as under protection. If the United States dispenses with protection it simply invites other countries, where capital has been effectively organized, to drive our industries to the wall. If trusts become oppressive the American people will take them in hand and regulate them. The evil can be averted by sensible methods. It is only the loud-mouthed demagogic spouter who ignorantly proposes to commit the blunder of destroying the manufacturing industries of the country.

An esteemed Democratic contemporary has taken the occasion of the President's present western trip, in which he is making an average of two speeches a day, urging the people to remain loyal to the American flag and to do their part in maintaining the present unsurpassed prosperity of the country, to criticize the chief executive for "taking so many vacations," having evidently confounded William McKinley's method of obtain-

ing respite from the cares of office with that of his Democratic predecessor, Grover Cleveland. Grover's system often needed change, but the change was usually from the presidential chair to the stern of a boat, and it was Grover's gun that did the speaking, to the consternation of many an unoffending duck. President McKinley's "vacations" are for the benefit of the American people. He cannot take too many.

A Columbus dispatch says that James Caren, who was chairman of the sound money Democrats during the Bryan campaign of 1896, feels assured that eighty per cent. of the sound money Democrats will vote for Judge Nash. This furnishes gratifying evidence that the efforts of Bryan and his supporters to break up the patriotic alliance which won the important victory of 1896 have been unavailing. John R. McLean may personally repudiate the chief planks in the Zanesville platform, and, in view of his immense business interests, it is only natural that he should, but his election would be a victory for free silver just the same. From Mr. Caren's statement it appears that the gold Democrats of Ohio fully realize the important bearing that an adverse result to the national administration in Ohio this fall would have on the national contest next year with Bryan for the candidate and free silver as the issue, and have made their decision accordingly.

WHY WE BOUGHT THE PHILIPPINES.

It has ever been a characteristic of that popular gentleman, Judge William R. Day, ex-secretary of state and former president of the American peace commission, to make few public utterances. When he does speak, however, Judge Day's remarks are short and to the point, carrying with them the conviction that his statements are those of facts, no more, no less. Ever since the signing of the protocol between the United States and Spain the yellow press of the country has been shrieking itself hoarse because of the agreement on the part of the American commissioners in negotiating the treaty at Paris to incorporate in the treaty an article which should require the payment by the United States to Spain for the cession of the Philippines the sum of \$20,000,000. To all those who were sufficiently fair-minded to look dispassionately into the matter, the reasons for such a payment were apparent, but when the Mugwump copperhead element in the country began the cry that we were paying for territory which was ours by right of conquest, it was taken up by ignorant, credulous listeners and gained a certain aspect of veracity by means of mere repetition. Now, after months of silence Judge Day, who, as president of the Paris peace commission, is best calculated to know the reasons for what was done by that body, has spoken emphatically on the subject.

Judge Day makes clear that the United States had no right to the Philippine archipelago as a matter of conquest; being only in possession of the city, bay and harbor of Manila; that the principal reason that actuated the American commissioners was the desire for immediate peace, and finally, it having never been the policy of the United States to acquire territory by the ruthless hand of conquest, that the terms of the protocol were such as comported with the magnanimity and greatness of the country.

Thus it is seen that one of the strongest charges which is laid at the door of the Republican administration by the so-called anti-imperialistic and anti-expansion theorists—that of pursuing a campaign of conquest—is entirely refuted. American obligation to civilization demanded that the victory in the harbor and city of Manila be followed by the establishment of peace and tranquility and a government under the unquestioned sovereignty of the United States; the duty of the Paris commissioners, therefore, was to obtain an indisputable title to the Philippines which should be respected by all other nations. This they did. Now a body of insurgents, by no means representing the sentiment of the people of the islands are disputing our lawful authority. In the suppression of this rebellion, the existence of which is incompatible with the maintenance of our international obligations, the United States has the respect and sympathy of every civilized nation—gained by means of the matchless diplomacy of Judge Day and his American colleagues.

"If you scour the world you will never find a remedy equal to One Minute Cough Cure," says Editor Fackler, of the Micanopy, Fla., "Hustler." It cured his family of LaGrippe and saved thousands from pneumonia, bronchitis, croup and all throat and lung troubles. Rider & Snyder and C. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St.

A Short sad Story,
A cold.
Neglect.
Pneumonia.
Grief.
Had Foley's Honey and Tar been used this story would have had a happier ending. 25c and 50c. Rider & Snyder.

The "Plow Boy Preacher," Rev. J. Kirkman, Belle River, Ill., says, "After suffering from bronchial or lung trouble for ten years, I was cured by One Minute Cough Cure. It is all that is claimed for it and more." It cures coughs, colds, grippe and all throat and lung troubles. Rider & Snyder, Chas. W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street.

Grip brings weakness, exhaustion, nervous prostration; Dr. Miles' Nervine cures them.

AMERICANS ABROAD

Some of the Charms of German Cities.

STUTTGART-NUREMBERG.

Teutonic Institutions are Viewed with Favor by Critical Foreigners—The Quaintness of Nuremberg a Marketable Commodity—Ever Present Marks of Royalty.

MARSEILLES, Sept. 30.—On entering Baden, some days before our arrival in Stuttgart, it had occurred to us as a sensible movement to purchase a supply of postage stamps, and thus avoid the daily vexations resulting from a stampless condition. In doing so we had failed to take into consideration the complicated German system whereby each little kingdom and duchy within the empire has its own particular issue of postage stamps, and therefore declines to accept the issue of another. We were now in the kingdom of Wurtemberg, and were surprised to discover so many evidences of a national spirit, in spite of German unity. The most conspicuous building in the city proved to be the royal palace, and the directory contained a list of members of the diplomatic corps in which were included ambassadors and ministers, as well as simple consuls. The principal street is the Konig's-strasse (King's street), and there were marks of royalty, past and present, on every hand.

We found Stuttgart to be an elegant modern city, apparently provided with everything that ingenuity has invented for comfort and convenience, and clean beyond comparison with any American town. It appears to be so easy for the Germans to keep their cities clean, and it gives them such satisfaction to do so, that I wonder why we have not learned from them their secret, since we have among us a large German element in our population. It was a hot Sunday afternoon when we arrived, and my first walk took me down near the river, where all the youngsters of Stuttgart were bathing. The pavilions were the property of the city, and everybody was having a good time. Those not in the water were drinking beer that had cost fifteen pfennigs or three cents for as much as was consumed during the long afternoon. If there was any intoxication it was carefully concealed. What a lesson to our American communities, in which such honest sport could be provided for our own boys and girls at little or no cost! The sight recalled to me those days of early youth when efforts to enjoy a proscribed amusement were rewarded by frequent and unexpected raids of policemen clothed in the dignity of an outraged morality. And if by chance, the trembling culprit had not been caught red-handed, so to speak, which of them does not recall the cheerful warning of the worthy mayor, who, passing his fingers over wet heads, always remarked that many men had been hanged on circumstantial evidence only, and that many others were likely to be.

There were very few foreigners, comparatively, in Stuttgart, and the fact added no little to our enjoyment. There was none of that feeling that we were on an agreeable sort of Midway, such as we experienced afterward in Nuremberg and Munich, where Americans elbowed each other in every shop, and where English was almost as much the language of the hotels as it is in Switzerland. It was at Stuttgart, too, that I saw for the first time horseless trucks used for the transportation of bulky merchandise.

Another Stuttgart institution of which we thoroughly approved was the Stadtpark. We found stadtparks in all the German cities, but none compared with the charming park of Stuttgart. It cost fifty pfennigs, or ten cents, to enter, and after a ramble through walks shaded by linden trees, bordered by flowers, and past handsome fountains, we took seats near a band stand, in which a magnificent military band played for hours. The garden was filled with pleasant people who had left their homes to have supper in the open air, gossip with their friends and enjoy the music. Everything on the restaurant card was astonishingly cheap and good. Rhine wines of excellent quality, directly from casks and served in decanters, were sold for twelve American cents a quart. Many of the army officers sat about the little tables, dining or sipping beer. When the younger ones entered the enclosure, in which the tables were placed, they were obliged by their etiquette to remain erect and hold themselves in readiness to receive a return of their salutes from their superiors before they could take seats or otherwise follow their private inclinations. Sometimes the superiors would pay immediate attention, and sometimes, although perfectly conscious of the waiting presence of the subordinates, they would delay several minutes before acknowledging the courtesy. As soon as a superior entered, the younger officers rose and waited respectfully for a sign to be seated before resuming their seats. As the arrivals were frequent, the military tables were in a constant and curious state of eruption.

We traveled from Stuttgart to Nuremberg. We had all read more or less of Nuremberg as a quaint German city, and we were assured on every possible occasion that it was true. The guide books mentioned it as quaint, the English advertising matter thrown in the car windows repeated the word, and even the highly uniformed "Concierges"

of the hotel had enough English at his command to remark casually, as though the idea had just reached him, that Nuremberg was "a quaint old town."

The word never ceased to be hurled at us a dozen times a day while we remained, and always in a manner suggesting that we entertained some doubt on the subject. Our experience was that Nuremberg quaintness has been worked into a merchantable commodity, for which wandering pilgrims were expected to pay dearly. The commercial thrift that has held on to the last vestiges of mediæval "quaintness" and attached thereto a box office and capable treasurer, and has increased it by establishing an unwritten law that no modern structure shall be erected which does not conform externally to old Gothic forms, is really admirable.

The city now has a population of 142,500 and among other things is the greatest center for the manufacture of toys in the world. It is also the place in which Faber's lead pencils are made. You see it from a long distance as you arrive by rail, looking like a huge porcupine, with its many smoke stacks piercing the sky. Every building in Nuremberg, public and private, seems to have a sky-scraping chimney extending far above the main edifice.

There are a good many things to be seen in Nuremberg, as Longfellow has intimated, and Mr. Baedeker, a most observing man, states that there is no town in Germany "still so mediæval in appearance, or so suggestive of the wealth, importance, and artistic taste of a city of the Empire." These various things must all be seen earnestly, with a red guide book in one hand and a considerable supply of five-pfennig pieces in the other. Five pfennigs are equal to one and one-fifth cents. There are copper coins for as little as one pfennig, and they circulate freely among the Germans. As foreigners, we rarely saw them. The thrifty Teutonic cousin has a noble disregard for these small but respectable coins when in the presence of strangers, and so manage that the latter seldom have anything available below five-pfennig pieces. Chief among the places of public interest is the old castle overlooking the town from the north side, parts of which date from the year 1024. It is filled now with machines of torture mainly, all of which are duly lectured upon by a young woman who recites her tale in several languages with equal indifference. They were gruesome objects, indeed, such as an executioner's sword, rusted by blood, and said to have killed seven hundred persons, thumb screws, cradles studded with sharp pointed nails, barrels to be worn about the neck in public, yokes for quarrelling husbands and wives, instruments for pulling nails, destroying sight, and devices for stretching and breaking bodies. In a room by itself stood the famous Iron Virgin, a horrible contrivance consisting of an iron mold of the human figure, with sharp spikes so located as to enter vital portions of the body when criminals were placed within and the doors closed. When in actual use the dead bodies were dropped to a chamber in which they were cut to pieces, and the pieces were then dumped into a stream and washed away.

Another conspicuous point of interest is the 13th century church of St. Lawrence, which is mostly remarkable for the fact that over the doorway is a card announcing the cost of admittance to be either 20 or 40 pfennigs. One can wander through the glorious ecclesiastical monuments of Italy and Spain at will, beset by beggars it is true, but still in a sense free as air. In Nuremberg, however, even the churches have their price, and the treasury of St. Lawrence must be enriched to the extent of some \$200 a year thereby. It would require a volume that nobody could read to tell of the carvings and other interesting objects in the church named, of the library, pictures, and all else that the city contains. Pilgrims become surfeited with seeing things, and when in Nuremberg, and finding themselves hungry in body and weary in mind, they are pretty certain to assemble at the Brotwurst Glocklein. This celebrated institution, hundreds of years old, looks like a small closet attached to a picturesque chapel, and is filled with old beer mugs, portraits, autographs and relics. Hans Sachs and his cronies smoked their pipes and drank their beer under the same time-blackened roof, and here the cobbler poet gathered much of the inspiration for his verses. The present chief merit of the place—it is also noted as "quaint" by Mr. Baedeker—is the toothsome of its small sausages, served hot, with beer and bread. One will search far and wide for sausages such as these. They are technically described as "mit" and "ohne," as you happen to order them with sauer-kraut or without. One can dispose of untold quantities of these sausages, and the full plates are piled on top of the empty ones, so that the consumers often have an imposing stock of porcelain in front of him. The reckoning is then made by counting the plates. There is a certain church in Nuremberg where a crowd of tourists always congregates at noon to hear the clock strike and to watch a procession of foolish looking little apostles who march out and in like Mrs. Jarley's wax "figures," and five minutes after the apostles have retired, the same crowd will be found reveling in beer and sausage at the Brotwurst Glocklein. It is the most satisfactory place in Nuremberg, and I say this as one who has experimented with the Ostrich, the Red Hen, the Golden Eagle, and other birds of the air and beasts of the earth, not to mention the Wittelsbacherhof on Pfannenschmiedsgasse street. The nomenclature of Bavaria is to be approached reverently.

In addition to this highly recommended sausage I might mention "apfel kuchen," eaten standing or sitting down in a "bakerei" operated by a little red fat lady. The directions may seem vague, but that little red fat lady will be as

easy to find as the fountain of the Goose-man or any other fixed quantity. She should be double starred in Baedeker but she isn't. This "apfel kuchen" is simply another name for apple pie, and they sell it, and other kinds of pie all over Germany. Why the pie should be so generally regarded as indigenous to American soil I cannot comprehend, but like the tooth pick and the cuspidor it has been thrust upon us.

A properly made, self-respecting pie, is a domestic institution in which we might take national pride, had we really invented it, but it is otherwise with the toothpick and cuspidor, and to the latter two we have even less claim than to the first.

To Ohioans a special interest in Nuremberg attaches, as it is the present home of Dr. Gustave C. Weber, for many years the most distinguished surgeon of the state, and now representing our government as consul. In his temporary home Dr. Weber meets old friends and new ones with his old-time cordiality, and many of them travel far out of their way merely to have a friendly chat with him.

A Lima Man's Testimony.

I have obtained excellent results from the use of Foley's Kidney Cure. It relieved my backache and severe pain over the hips. It toned up my system and gave me new vim and energy. I regard it as an honest and reliable remedy for all kidney diseases. It makes no false claims, but does what it says it will when given a fair trial. I certainly recommend it. Wm. Finn, 447 Elida road, Lima, O. Rider & Snyder.

Drink Grain-O

after you have concluded that you ought not to drink coffee. It is not a medicine, but doctors order it because it is healthful, invigorating and appetizing. It is made from pure grains and has that rich seal brown color and tastes like the finest grades of coffee, and costs about one-fourth as much. Children like it and thrive on it because it is a genuine food drink, containing nothing but nourishment. Ask your grocer for Grain-O, the new food drink. 15c and 25c.

You ought to know that when suffering from any kidney trouble that a safe, sure remedy is Foley's Kidney Cure. Guaranteed or money refunded. Rider & Snyder.

How Are Your Kidneys?
Dr. Hobbs' Sarsaparil Pills cure all kidney ills. Sample free. Add. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y.

Now is the time to subscribe.

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Perfect . Fitting . Garments

Are what we are showing in the
Cloak Department,
LADIES,' MISSES' and CHILDREN'S.

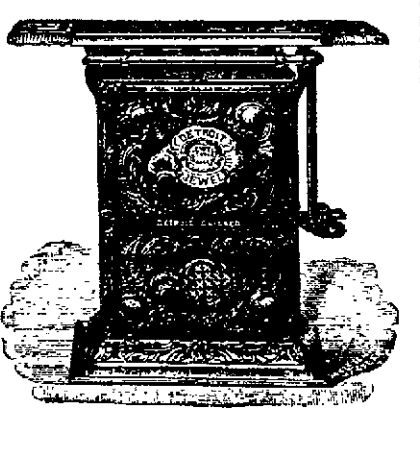
We have gathered together from the best manufacturers the Finest Line of
Coats, Capes and Furs.

Have you seen the New Golf Cape with Kersey Center?

We are promised a New Shipment for Saturday's business—Look at them.....

HUMBERGERS.

Warwick Block, Massillon.



Just Received!

Having just received another Large Shipment of . . .

IDEAL . . . Gas . Stove . Ranges,

On which we are prepared to quote the following prices:

No. 863, Price, \$16.00	No. 659, Price, \$18.00
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No. 851, " 22.50	

Come in and see them—we are sure they will please you.

W. H. ALLMAN,

Both Phones, 101. 20 E. Charles St.

A HOLD-UP IN ILLINOIS

Train Robbed Not Far From De Kalb.

THE EXPRESS CAR DEMOLISHED.

Bandits Then Dynamited the Safe—First Bound and Gagged Station Agent and Then Signaled the Train—Amount Secured Was Unknown.

CHICAGO, Oct. 14.—A Northwestern limited train was held up not far from DeKalb, Ill., and robbed. The holdup occurred at tower W, three miles from Maple Park, Ill. It is not known whether the robbers secured any great amount of booty.

It is said there were five masked men engaged in the operation. About 20 minutes before the train was due at Maple Park the robbers burst into the station house and bound and gagged the agent. They then changed the signals which stopped the train. As soon as it came to a halt two of the men covered the engineer and fireman with revolvers, and, after uncoupling the engine, compelled the engineer to run it down the track about two miles.

They then blew up the express car with dynamite, practically demolishing it. It is not known how much money was secured. Immediately after grabbing what they could, the robbers fled. They are now being pursued, but the robbers have quite a lead over the posse that is after them.

SHOTS FOR ROBBERS.

Officers Lay In Wait For Bandits—Attempt on a Bank Fatal—Two Wounded and One Suicides.

SEVIERVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 14.—An attempt by three masked men to rob the Sevierville bank resulted disastrously for all of them. William Derrick killed himself, William Thurner fatally wounded and Cal Derrick slightly wounded.

Officers of this place, who had been warned that an attempt would be made to rob the bank by three desperadoes, had secreted themselves in a building opposite the bank, and when the outlaws fired into the bank they were promptly answered by a fusillade. Thurner, the leader of the robbers, dropped to the ground mortally wounded. Cal Derrick fell seriously wounded. The third man, William Derrick, fled.

For about a mile and a half he ran in front of a fierce fire from the pursuing officers. He entered an open door of a barn and his place of refuge was quickly surrounded. Realizing that the odds were against him, he stepped out in plain view of all, saluted the sheriff, and crying "goodby, boys," placed his pistol to his head and blew out his brains.

Thurner can hardly survive. Thurner is an ex-convict who had been pardoned while serving a life sentence for the murder of a Knoxville policeman. Bill Derrick, the suicide, was a desperate mountain character who had just returned from the west.

Cal Derrick, who was wounded, was thought to be a respectable, peaceable man. He was a Knoxville liveryman and was married.

WEAK SPOTS IN INGHAM'S STORY?

Newitt's Straightforward Testimony Apparently Had Effect on Jury.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 14.—Former U. S. District Attorney Ingham continued his testimony in the trial here of him and Newitt. He declared that the code he and Kendig used was for the purpose of preventing a detective named Downey, hired by Kendig, from finding out that another detective was to be hired, Kendig fearing Downey would turn against him.

District Attorney Beck succeeded in forcing Mr. Ingham to admit that he would utter an untruth if the exigencies of the case required it. Mr. Ingham played for sympathy by referring to his long acquaintance with Mr. Beck. Harvey K. Newitt told of his alleged dealings with Secret Service Agent McManus. His apparently frank manner had a marked impression on the jury. He declared that McManus' testimony was absolutely false.

COL. SCHNEIDER WOUNDED.

It Was Asserted That He Fought a Duel With Cuirnet.

LONDON, Oct. 14.—A dispatch from Paris said that a representative of The Intransigent asserted that he observed Colonel Schneider, former military attaché of the Austro-Hungarian embassy in Paris, being carried to the train, accompanied by physicians and with blood flowing from a wound in his side.

Colonel Schneider said: "I recently returned from Switzerland to fight a duel with Captain Cuirnet on account of his evidence regarding me before the Rennes court-martial."

No Clew to Murder Horror.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Police Captains Schmittberger and Price worked on the Seventh street woman murder mystery, but they reported they discovered nothing. Every clew that has been followed up so far has led to nothing. The police said they had not given up their search for Mrs. Gertrude Billings, the missing wife of George Billings, a saloonkeeper, although Mrs. Billings' parents said they were satisfied their daughter was alive and well. The woman murdered suffered from pleurisy and it has been discovered that Mrs. Billings had an attack of pleuro-pneumonia about a year ago.

Yellow Fever Cases.

KEY WEST, Oct. 14.—The new cases of yellow fever number ten. No deaths have been reported. Seven cases were omitted in Thursday night's report.

Another Race Due Today.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Another yacht race is due today. The attempt yesterday was a failure, owing to fog.

ADDRESSED VOLUNTEERS.

President McKinley Heard by Returned South Dakotans at Fargo—Spoke to Crowds Enroute.

FARGO, N. D., Oct. 14.—Over 10,000 people greeted President McKinley and his party when they arrived here. Entering carriages, the party was driven to a reviewing stand through lines of the First North Dakota volunteers, who recently returned from the Philippines. The president was received with wild demonstrations. In his address he referred repeatedly to the situation in the Philippines.

When he declared the United States government would send 65,000 men to the Philippines to uphold the American flag where the volunteers had placed it, the crowd approved the declaration with wild applause.

At some of the towns enroute here, the president was greeted by large crowds. He spoke at some of the places.

Attorney General Griggs, Secretaries Long, Gage, Hitchcock and Wilson and Senators Hausbrough and McCumber spoke briefly. The exercises were limited to speaking and the review of the First North Dakota volunteers.

WILL RAISE ORE RATES.

Rockefeller to Increase Them Next Year. The Prices Also Are to Be Put Up.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 14.—As the result of the efforts of the Rockefeller interests and their heavy purchases of iron ore carrying vessels the lake freight rate on ore next season will be \$1.35, which is an advance of 65 cents over this season's rate. Owing to the advance in freight the ore men announce that the price of ore will go up \$2. Seventy-five per cent of the output of the mines for the first six months of next year has already been contracted for.

The turnpike men are making strenuous efforts to prevent an increase in the price of pigiron, being fearful that an advance would result in a dangerous reaction.

The Rockefeller interests were negotiating for the purchase of two more steamers, the Senator and a new boat being built at Detroit.

FIGHT ENDED THE GAME.

Reed of W. & J. Accused of Foul Play—Burs, at Bellefonte, Pa.—A Fight Followed.

BELLEFONTE, Pa., Oct. 14.—The State college and Washington and Jefferson football game here wound up in a fight. The end came after ten minutes of fast and snappy football had been played. Burs, State's left halfback, made an 80-yard run and was downed by Core of Washington and Jefferson on the latter's 15-yard line. Reed of Washington and Jefferson, it was alleged, then jumped on Burs' chest with both knees, injuring him.

Coach Samuel Boyle, the University of Pennsylvania's old end, seeing the foul, jumped into the line, followed by Captain Randolph of State, and a lively fight took place for a few minutes. Boyle and Randolph refused to allow the State team to continue and the officials declared the game off. The umpire and referee gave out a statement holding that State was in the right for refusing to go on.

Ex-Speaker Reed Presided.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 14.—Ex-Speaker Thomas E. Reed presided at the second session of the international commercial congress. The proceedings were opened by Director General Wilson, who appeared upon the stage accompanied by Speaker Reed, Assistant Secretary of State David J. Hill, General Lowrie of London and Dr. Vosburg of Berlin. About 25 of the most conspicuous members of the convention, including Korean, English, Chinese, Argentine and other South American representatives, occupied seats on the platform.

Health Officer Threatens Arrest.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 14.—Health Officer Leick began a crusade against adulterated food and arrests will be made under the pure food laws. He announced that a disinfecting preparation was being used by a number of butchers to preserve meat in hot weather and by milk dealers to prevent milk from turning sour. The preparation is a weak solution of formaldehyde, which is employed by the health office in disinfecting houses where there has been smallpox.

Echo of Municipal Scandal.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 14.—In the venire of the present grand jury, which will consider alleged wrongdoing under the McKisson city administration, was the name of H. D. McGregor, who was a waterworks clerk under that administration. When the jury was called in court, Clerk Whitton, by direction of Judge Dellenbaugh and County Prosecutor Keeler, passed his name and he was not sworn in. He threatened to sue the county.

Mariscal In New York.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Signor Ignacio Mariscal, Mexican minister of foreign affairs, arrived here. He is accompanied by Dr. Raphael Lavista, a Mexican physician; Captain Samuel Cueller, military aide to Vice President Mariscal; General Chambers McKibben and his aide, and Lieutenant Parry, representing President McKinley, and others.

A Farmer Fatally Injured.

SHARON, Pa., Oct. 14.—Jonathan Sherwin, a farmer of Wolf township, was fatally injured while blasting stumps in a field with dynamite. He had arranged the explosive and lighted the fuse when it went off prematurely. A portion of the stump struck him on the head, fracturing his skull.

Henderson Spoke at Columbus.

COLUMBUS, Oct. 14.—Hon. David B. Henderson of Iowa began his tour of Ohio in the interest of the Republican ticket by addressing a meeting at the board of trade auditorium in this city. The hall was packed.

A Woman Hanged Herself.

BELLAIR, O., Oct. 14.—Mrs. Mary Kreamer, aged 43 years, hanged herself to a rafter in the stable. She was dependent over her family's poverty.

REBELS DRIVEN OUT.

Forced From Their Trenches by a Scouting Party.

THREE AMERICANS WERE KILLED.

Rumored That American Prisoners Were Found Bound, Gagged and Shot—Lieutenant of Native Police Arrested at Manila—Gen. Schwan Reached Bacoor.

MANILA, Oct. 14.—Major Cheatham, with a scouting party, while proceeding along the west shore of the lake encountered a force of rebels strongly entrenched at Muntinlupa. Major Cheatham reports that he drove the rebels from their position, and that in the engagement three Americans were killed and two were wounded. Rumors are in circulation in Manila that Major Cheatham discovered three American prisoners, who had been bound, gagged and shot by the insurgents. These rumors, however, are not confirmed.

One Sandago, a lieutenant of the native police, was arrested and lodged in jail, his subordinate having reported to the authorities that he was endeavoring to enlist them in a plot to turn the police against the Americans in the event of an uprising.

Reports having reached the provost marshal that arms were concealed at the headquarters of the Dominican friars, a large building adjoining the palace, a detachment of soldiers made a search of the building. They found a small stock of Mausers, revolvers and ammunition, which was confiscated despite the protests of the friars that the arms were not intended for unlawful use.

General Schwan, with the infantry, reached Bacoor. The troops were greatly exhausted, having had one of the hardest marches of the campaign. From Malabon to Perez Das Marinas, they marched through roadless rice fields. The fourth infantry, from Imus, joined General Schwan, at Perez Das Marinas. The Filipinos had deserted the town upon learning of the approach of the Americans, leaving only the women and children behind.

Two strong shocks of earthquake, lasting several seconds, were felt in Manila about 10 o'clock last evening.

WOUNDED IN PHILIPPINES.

A List of Those Injured Sent the War Department by General Otis.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—The war department received the following list of casualties from General Otis:

Wounded—Fourth infantry, at Imus, Sept. 20, Company B, Frank Huss, thigh severe; John W. Smith, foot, moderate; K. Frank Hickade, thigh, moderate; Oct. 3, A. Sergeant William Born, ear, slight. At San Nicholas, St. E. James McGlinchey, back, moderate. Fifth artillery, at Imus, Sept. 20, F. Louis Liever, knee, severe. At San Francisco de Malabon, Oct. 10, Louis Arnold, chest, moderate. Twenty-second infantry, at Arayat, Oct. 5, F. Archie Hutchinson, arm, slight. Twenty-fourth infantry, near Santa Ana, Oct. 7, F. Sergeant David Holden, chest, severe; James Smith, thigh, severe. Fourteenth infantry, near Mariguina, Oct. 8, L. William Briney, neck, severe; at San Nicholas, G. Frank Frager, forearm, severe; Owen B. Hill, leg, severe. Hospital corps, Alvin H. Bailey, leg, moderate. Thirtieth infantry, at San Francisco de Malabon, Oct. 10, F. Norman Norton, knee, moderate; G. Peter Kankiewicz, arm, severe; H. Charles E. Smith, thigh, severe. Fourth artillery, F. Charles Wilson, thigh, moderate. Engineer battalion, A. John T. Van Ness, leg, severe.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL CONGRESS.

Prayerbook in Life of People Discussed. Some New Officials Chosen.

ST. PAUL, Oct. 14.—The Protestant Episcopal congress held its closing session. The general topic was "The Prayerbook in the Life of the People." Rev. C. C. Tiffany, D. D., of New York, was re-elected general chairman of the congress and Thomas Whitaker treasurer. The position of general secretary was offered Rev. Cornelius B. Smith, D. D., who has for the past year acted as secretary pro tem. Dr. Smith refused. The matter of his successor was left to the executive committee.

The name of Rev. T. S. Delaney Townsend, D. D., of New York, was added to the executive committee, vice Rev. George M. Douglass, resigned. Rev. Rufus W. Clark, D. D., of Detroit, and Rev. Cameron Mann, D. D., of Kansas City, were added to the general committee.

Katford was selected as the place for holding the twentieth session.

TRIBUTE TO GEORGE PAULL.

By Beaver in an Address Before a Princeton Audience.

PRINCETON, N. J., Oct. 14.—Ex-Governor James A. Beaver of Pennsylvania talked to an audience of students here. The subject was the general and worldwide movement of Christian missions. Judge Beaver paid a beautiful tribute to the memory of the late George Paull, whose home was in Duabur, Pa., and who gave up his life as a missionary in the jungles of Africa. Paull was a sophomore in Washington and Jefferson college at the time that James Beaver was a senior there, and the latter proclaimed Paull as the greatest hero of his famous college.

Mohonk Indian Conference.

LAKE MOHONK, N. Y., Oct. 14.—At the Mohonk Indian conference addresses were made by native workers for the Indians in government or mission schools or in other capacities, including some who have lately visited the agencies and personally observed the condition of affairs. The general tone of these reports was hopeful.

Ex-Petroleum Dealers Arrested.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Marcus A. Bettman and his brother, David Bettman, formerly members of the petroleum firm of Seathelmer & Bettman, were arrested and taken before a magistrate charged with having converted \$40,000 loaned to them by Harris H. Berwald, a petroleum dealer at Titusville, Pa.

WHAT IS THE USE.

No Need to go Through Life a Sufferer.

Means of Relief is near at Hand and Recommended by People You Know.

What is the use to go on suffering with kidney backache, nervousness, sleeplessness and dizziness when a fifty-cent box of Morrow's Kid-ne-oids will cure you? Probably you have not heard of Kid-ne-oids, so if you will read this statement it will pay you tenfold.

Honorable John McDonald, residing at 60 Dodge street, Cleveland, O., makes the following statement: "I was troubled with a very severe and sharp pain across the small of my back just over the kidneys and as I suffered a great deal with rheumatism, I was convinced that my kidneys were out of order. I secured some of Morrow's Kid-ne-oids and was so much benefited by them that I secured another box and continued the treatment with the same satisfactory results. I took altogether about three boxes and the pains across my back have entirely disappeared and the rheumatic pains are relieved. I have enjoyed good health since then and will cheerfully recommend Kid-ne-oids to anyone suffering as I was."

Morrow's Kid-ne-oids are not pills, but Yellow Tablets and are put up in wooden boxes which contain enough for about two weeks' treatment and sell at fifty cents at all drug stores and at Seaman's drug store.

Mailed on receipt of price. Manufactured by John Morrow & Co., chemists, Springfield, O.

TODAY'S MARKETS.

Latest Reports From the Centers of Trade.

The following tables show the fluctuations of stock, as reported by T. E. Drake's exchange:

BANK STATEMENT.	
Reserve increased.....	\$ 5,841,500
Loans decreased.....	4,482,800
Specie decreased.....	1,914,700
Legals increased.....	\$95,700
Deposits decreased.....	6,212,600
Circulation increased.....	\$2,200

NEW YORK.	
Open.	High. Low. Close.
American Sugar.....	14 1/4 14 1/4 14 1/4 14 1/4
American Tobacco.....	119 120 119 119 1/2
Atchafalca (Pfd.).....	62 1/2 62 1/2 62 1/2 62 1/2
O. E. & Q.....	120 120 120 120 1/2
Federal Steel.....	53 1/2 53 1/2 53 1/2 53 1/2
U. S. Leather (Pfd.).....	77 77 77 77 1/2
Manhattan.....	100 1/4 100 1/4 100 1/4 100 1/4
Missouri Pacific.....	42 1/2 42 1/2 42 1/2 42 1/2
Louisville & Nashville.....	81 1/4 81 1/4 80 3/4 81 1/4
Northern Pacific (Pfd.).....	74 1/4 74 1/4 74 1/4 74 1/4

CHICAGO.	
Open.	High. Low. Close.
Wheat.....	72 1/4 72 1/4 72 1/4 72 1/4
May.....	73 1/4 73 1/4 73 1/4 73 1/4
Oct.....	73 1/4 73 1/4 73 1/4 73 1/4

CORN.	
Open.	High. Low. Close.
Dec.....	81 1/4 81 1/4 81 1/4 81 1/4
May.....	82 1/4 82 1/4 82 1/4 82 1/4
OATS.	
Open.	High. Low. Close.
Dec.....	22 1/4 22 1/4 22 1/4 22 1/4
May.....	23 1/4 23 1/4 23 1/4 23 1/4
P. O. B.	
Open.	High. Low. Close.
Dec.....	8 1/2 8 1/2 8 1/2 8 1/2
Jan.....	9 1/2 9 1/2 9 1/2 9 1/2
LARD.	
Open.	High. Low. Close.
Dec.....	5 3/4 5 3/4 5 3/4 5 3/4
Jan.....	5 1/4 5 1/4 5 1/4 5 1/4

CHICAGO, Oct. 14.—[By Associated Press]—Hogs weak, \$3.95 to \$4.00; cattle steady.

TOLEDO, Oct. 14.—[By Associated Press]—Wheat 71 1/2.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Massillon merchants today:

GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL.	
Wheat (new).....	70
Wheat (old).....	70
Hay, per ton.....	\$ 00 to 9 00
Straw, per ton.....	5 00
Corn.....	35-37
Oats.....	20-22
Clover Seed.....	3 25-3 75
Timothy Seed.....	1 00 to 1 10
Rye, per bu.....	\$ 40
Barley.....	50
Flax seed.....	1 25
Wool.....	15 to 18

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

Potatoes, (new) per bushel.....	40
Onions, per bushel.....	50
Beets, per bushel.....	60
Apples.....	35-45
Cabbage, per dozen.....	35-40
Dried peaches, peeled.....	08 to 10
Dried peaches, unpeeled.....	04 to 05
Evaporated apples.....	08 to 10
Onions.....	65
White beans.....	1 25

BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY.

Butter.....	18-20
Eggs.....	06
Chickens, live, per pound.....	16
Chickens, dressed.....	10
Turkeys, live.....	08
Turkeys, dressed.....	14

MEATS AND CHEESE.

Sausage.....	06
Spare Ribs.....	06
Backbone.....	06
Ham.....	09
Shoulder.....	05
Lard.....	05 1/2
Sides.....	06 to 07
Cheese.....	11
The following are retail prices:	
Bran, per 100 lbs.....	85
Middlings 'per 100 lbs.....	90

NOW
JUST
1900

Is the time to get
what you want in the way of a Diary for
Baer's Famous Agricultural Almanac for 1900.

Bahney's Bookstore, 20 E. Main St.

GUILTY OR NOT GUILTY
DISEASED MEN CURED

THOUSANDS of young men, middle aged men, and old men can look back at their boyhood days or early manhood with a sigh of remorse. The ignorance of early youth, or later on a miserable life as "one of the boys" has sown the seeds for future suffering. SELF ABUSE is a terrible sin against nature and will bring a rich harvest. Blood and Private Urineases sap the very life and vitality of the victim. Our NEW METHOD TREATMENT will positively cure all the following diseases:

VARICOCELE, EMISSIONS, NERVOUS DEBILITY, SYPHILIS, STRICTURE, GLEET, SEMINAL WEAKNESS, PIMPLES, LOST MANHOOD, UNNATURAL DISCHARGES, KIDNEY AND BLADDER DISEASES.

ARE YOU ? NERVOUS and despondent; weak or debilitated; tired mornings; no ambition—lifeless; memory poor; easily fatigued; excitable and irritable; eyes sunken, red and blurred; pimples on face; dreams and night terrors; restless; haggard looking; weak back, bone pains; hair loose; dizziness; sore throat; various color deposit in urine and drains; a cold, clammy sweat of forehead; lack of energy and strength—**WE CAN CURE YOU OR ASK NO PAY.**

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY—CONFIDENTIAL.

SNATCHED FROM THE GRAVE. A Warning from the Living. "At 13 I learned to masturbate. I was weak and nervous, eyes sunken, red and blurred, and my mind no ambition. The Golden Monitor cured me in a few weeks. I am now married and have two healthy children."—C. W. LEWIS, Saginaw.

VARICOCELE CURED. "Varicocele made life miserable. I was weak and nervous, eyes sunken, red and blurred, and my mind no ambition. The Golden Monitor cured me in a few weeks. I am now married and have two healthy children."—C. W. LEWIS, Saginaw.

EMISSIONS CURED. "I had been suffering from emissions for many years. I was weak and nervous, eyes sunken, red and blurred, and my mind no ambition. The Golden Monitor cured me in a few weeks. I am now married and have two healthy children."—C. W. LEWIS, Saginaw.

SYPHILIS CURED. "This terrible blood disease was in my system for a long time. I was weak and nervous, eyes sunken, red and blurred, and my mind no ambition. The Golden Monitor cured me in a few weeks. I am now married and have two healthy children."—C. W. LEWIS, Saginaw.

17 YEARS IN OHIO, 200,000 CURED. NO RISK.

READER! Are you a victim? Have you lost sleep? Are you contemplating marriage? Have you a bad blood disease? Have you any other ailment? Our New Method Treatment will cure you. What it has done for others it will do for you. **CONSULTATION FREE.** No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion free of charge. Charges reasonable. **BOOKS FREE.** "The Golden Monitor" (Illustrated), on Diseases of Man, for the cure of all the above named diseases. **NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT. PRIVATE.** No medicines sent C. O. D. No names on boxes or envelopes. Everything confidential. Question list and cost of Treatment FREE.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN, No. 143 EUCLID AV. CLEVELAND, O.

THE INDEPENDENT contains the cream of the Court News

Now is the time to subscribe,

KIDNEY DISEASE

is little understood. Its symptoms are peculiar and often cannot be traced to the kidneys even by the astute physician. If you have doctored your nerves, your stomach, your liver, your heart or other organs, and have not found health, it is safe to say your mistake has been in interpreting the symptoms of disease.

Try treating your kidneys.

The kidneys are the strainers of the blood. You must depend on them to purify the current that supplies every tissue and organ in the body. They should excrete all waste matter from the system.

If they fail to do this perfectly, it is not reasonable to expect good health. With healthy kidneys, disorder in other organs will be nullified. With diseased kidneys, every bodily organ is soon affected and good health is impossible.

Foley's Kidney Cure makes healthy kidneys.

The pains of childbirth in women are due to imperfect action in the kidneys—the presence in the blood of urea, which should be excreted, and which would be if the kidneys were right. Most of the other ills peculiar to women are due to the same cause. Every case of irritation, ulceration or similar affection of the organs may be cured by proper attention to the kidneys.

Foley's Kidney Cure makes sound kidneys.

Scarlet fever produces an effect on the kidneys similar to that seen on the face, a sort of eruption or rash, and very often is the beginning of Bright

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Items of Interest Gathered by Our Representatives.

John Hoover is moving his family to Youngstown.

Mrs. Anna J. Morgan is the guest of Navarre friends.

Mrs. Margaret Hagan is the guest of Barborton friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward D. Duxee are visiting relatives in Barborton.

Ashtabula has made arrangements to send prisoners to the Stark county workhouse.

Will has been filed for probate in the estate of Catharine Bauman, of Lawrence township.

Mrs. Elmer Ellis and Mrs. Snyder, of Wilmet, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Ellis Friday.

Mrs. T. M. Morgan, of Canal Fulton, was the guest of Mrs. L. C. Caus, in North Main street.

John Sick has purchased the Wainwright property, 16 East Main street. The consideration was \$5,500.

Mr. and Mrs. Emmet Hile returned from Boston Friday, and have taken up their residence in West Cherry street.

Charles C. Price, a New Berlin grocer, has made an assignment to L. W. Denison, as assignee. Assets and liabilities \$500 each.

Mr. and Mrs. Willard Seaman have returned to Cleveland, after a visit with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Seaman.

Mrs. A. Clark Lackey, of Cambridge is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Egert. Dr. Lackey will join Mrs. Lackey here next week.

Miss Sarah Bowman arrived at Romney, West Va., September 30th to resume her position as teacher in one of their public schools.

M. C. Cary, recently bound over to court by Mayor Wise, who was released from jail on Thursday, was bailed by his attorney, R. A. Pinn.

Mr. and Mrs. William Sorg and children are visiting in Cleveland. C. Segner is performing Mr. Sorg's duties on the Pennsylvania coal train.

On Monday, October 16, a new time table will go into effect on the interurban division. Beginning with 5:30 a. m., cars will run one hour apart.

Harry Curley left for Pittsburgh Friday morning, where he will try to locate the articles that were stolen from him at his former boarding place.—Alliance Leader.

An unknown man died suddenly in a Mineral Point boarding house on Wednesday evening. Beyond the initials J. F. S. on a collar, there is no clew to his identity.

Harry Perdue, formerly a member of Company B, Eighth Ohio, died in a hospital at Manila, October 4. He was a corporal in Company M, Fourteenth infantry.

At a meeting of Massillon Company, Modern Woodmen of America, Friday evening, George B. Eggert was elected secretary, to succeed Lawrence Baldwin, resigned.

The sixty-fourth annual convention of the East Ohio synod of the Evangelical Lutheran church will be held in Pleasant City, O., commencing Wednesday, October 18.

Miss Mary Bowman has returned from Akron, where she went as a delegate to the joint session of the Ohio and Allegheny conference of the Zion A. M. E. connection.

Mr. Laverne Goudy and Miss Dollie Vaughn were quietly married Thursday evening by the Rev. F. H. Simpson. Mr. and Mrs. Goudy expect to go to housekeeping in East Tremont street.

The Spokane Daily Chronicle says of the Canton Grand Army band that negotiations are now pending for an engagement at the Paris exposition next summer, and it is probable that the band will go across the Atlantic.

Mr. and Mrs. S. W. Goudy, Mr. and Mrs. Laverne Goudy, Miss Mary Goudy, Mrs. Snodgrass, Miss Daisy Dalton and Roy and Virgil Goudy went to Dalton Saturday to attend a birthday party to be given in honor of Mrs. Eliza Goudy, mother of S. W. Goudy.

Eli Wade and daughters, Mrs. Ebert and Miss Wade, after a brief visit in this vicinity, returned yesterday to South Bend, Ind. A farewell dinner was given in their honor Thursday evening at the Pump street home of Mr. and Mrs. Curtis Wade. Among the guests were Mr. and Mrs. A. Walter, of Shadyside, and Dr. and Mrs. J. F. Gardner, of West Brookfield.

Eight hundred candidates for membership in the Protected Home Circle are to be initiated in Cleveland on November 1, and members of the society from every part of the country will be present. At the meeting of the Massillon circle tonight plans for attending will be discussed. If a sufficient number of members will agree to go, a special train and \$1 fare will be secured.

A letter received this morning from Superintendent E. A. Jones, who left Tuesday morning for Rockville, Mass., conveyed the sad intelligence that the death of his father, E. A. Jones, sr., occurred on Tuesday, twenty-four hours before his arrival. The funeral took place on Thursday. Mr. Jones was 84 years of age and was an old resident of Massachusetts.

The Spiering String Quartette, of Chicago, will give a series of chamber concerts at Trinity Lutheran Chapel, Canton, beginning Tuesday, October 24, at 7:30 p. m. This hour was decided upon for the convenience of Massillon patrons, who will thereby not be subjected to a tedious wait after the arrival of the 6:30 car from this city. Season tickets are \$2.75; single tickets 75 cents. They may be procured by applying to Mrs. A. Per Lee Pease in East Cherry street.

BUYING CROWDS PLANTS.

Some Works Filled Beyond Their Capacity—Wheat Exports Larger Than Last Year.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—R. G. Dunn & Co.'s weekly review of trade issued today said in part:

Industrial conditions could hardly be better. After many months of such extraordinary buying that its continuance seemed impossible, even larger buying still crowds producing works in most lines beyond their capacity. The iron furnaces are producing 11,000 tons weekly more than ever before, 278,615 tons Oct. 1, and yet the actual consumption in manufacture reduced unsold stocks in September by 27,380 tons, while the demand runs far ahead into next year for many products. After the great buying last week, Bessemer pig rises to \$24 at Pittsburgh, with No. 1 anthracite at Philadelphia and No. 1 local coke at Chicago both quoted at \$25.50 and buyers paying premiums for early deliveries according to their needs. The finished products still advance. Eastern bar to \$2.15 and tank plates to \$3.15, and the average of percentages to prices of Jan. 1, 1887, is now 100.64 for finished products and 105.6 for pig. In some lines, however, production has so far gained that works are beginning to look for orders to cover next year.

The demand for woolen goods is fairly large and prices are well sustained, though not further advanced. In goods of better grades there is some uncertainty. Sales of wool are smaller, only 7,475,300 pounds for the week at the three markets without further advance.

Wheat exports are still larger than from the great crop of last year, Atlantic flour included, having been 7,331,990 bushels in two weeks, against 6,116,588 bushels last year, and Pacific 780,445 bushels, against 1,375,034 bushels last year. The western receipts have been only 14,318,892 bushels, against 20,790,495 bushels last year, but the course of prices is not calculated to encourage a big movement, for after starting at 75.37 cents, and falling to 75 cents, the market closed at 75 cents, with December options unchanged.

Corn receipts 13,789,749 bushels, against 11,047,253 bushels in two weeks of last year, with exports of 6,177,143 bushels, against 4,867,598 bushels last year, show a supply and a foreign demand which might well affect the wheat market to some extent.

Failures for the first week of October were \$1,687,065 in amount, manufacturing \$387,914 and trading \$408,599. Failures for the week have been 164 in the United States, against 205 last year, and 27 in Canada, against 25 last year.

Roberts Said He Broke No Law.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—Congressman-elect Brigham Henry Roberts, from Salt Lake City, who is in Brooklyn, came east over a week ago on private business. He will remain about a week longer and then go to Philadelphia and probably to Washington. He said that there was no indictment against him when he left Utah that he knew of, nor did he know that there was no law, he said. That he had broken no law, he said. That he had married more than one wife was true, but he had married them before the manifesto of 1890.

To Bring Cleveland Soldiers Home.

CLEVELAND, Oct. 14.—Word was received that the 200 Cleveland soldiers in the Fourteenth regiment, returned from the Philippines, are stranded in San Francisco, their pay, which was given them in Manila, having been spent. The plan was to have them come to this city in a body and be given a reception. An effort is being made to raise the \$1,200 necessary to bring them home. Senator Hanna and Governor Bushnell contributed \$100 each.

Carnegie Library Stone Laid.

DUMFRIES, Scotland, Oct. 14.—Upon the occasion of the laying of the foundation stone of the free library presented to Dumfries by Andrew Carnegie, the donor was given the freedom of the town. In replying to an address, Mr. Carnegie said man had only begun the work of civilization, while he employed inhuman means of killing his fellow men, often fellow Christians, to settle national disputes.

Four Bishops Re-Elected.

ST. PAUL, Oct. 14.—The four present bishops of the Evangelical association were re-elected by the general conference. They are Bishops Brayogel, Horn, Bowman and Escher.

WEATHER FORECAST.

Western Pennsylvania—Fair today, except showers near the lakes; showers and cooler tomorrow; brisk southerly, shifting to southwesterly winds.

Ohio—Fair in southern, showers and cooler in northern portion today. Tomorrow cooler, with showers near the lake, brisk southwesterly winds.

West Virginia—Fair today and tomorrow; cooler tomorrow; southeasterly winds.

LEAGUE GAMES YESTERDAY.

At Pittsburgh—Pittsburg, 5 runs, 6 hits and 1 error; Louisville, 2 runs, 8 hits and 4 errors. Batteries—Leever and Bowerman; Flaherty and Lattimer. Umpires—Swartwood and Manassas. Attendance, 1,000. Game called at the end of the eighth inning on account of darkness.

At Washington—Washington, 6 runs, 6 hits and 1 error; New York, 4 runs, 6 hits and 1 error. Batteries—Mace and Killebrew; Seymour and Wilson. Umpires—Snyder and Latham. Attendance, 30. Game stopped at the end of the seventh inning on account of darkness.

At Boston—Boston, 1 run, 4 hits and 0 errors; Philadelphia, 0 runs, 3 hits and 3 errors. Batteries—Nichols and Bergen; Platt and McFarland. Umpires—Estate and Dwyer. Attendance, 1,000.

At Brooklyn—Brooklyn, 2 runs, 8 hits and 3 errors; Baltimore, 8 runs, 11 hits and 1 error. Batteries—Dunn and Farrell; Kitson and Smith. Umpires—Connolly and Hunt. Attendance, 30. Game called at the end of the seventh inning; darkness.

Standing of the Clubs.

W.	L.	P.	W.	L.	P.	
Brooklyn	30	47	678	Pittsburg	76	72
Boston	25	50	628	Chicago	74	50
Philadelphia	40	66	616	Louisville	73	77
Baltimore	38	60	589	New York	69	48
St. Louis	34	66	594	Washington	33	33
Cincinnati	39	65	544	Cleveland	20	12

Games Scheduled For Today.

Louisville at Pittsburgh, Cleveland at Cincinnati, New York at Washington, Philadelphia at Boston and Baltimore at Brooklyn.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH JUBILEE

Sessions Opened at Cincinnati—About 10,000 Expected to Take Communion on Sunday.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 14.—The Christian churches or disciples of Christ began here the jubilee of their organized missions. This denomination, which began 75 years ago under the leadership of Dr. Alex. Campbell and has had such distinguished adherents as President Garfield and Hon. Jeremiah S. Black is now more than 1,000,000 strong. Three-fourths are in Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Missouri, Iowa, Kentucky and Kansas. They are notably an active denomination in evangelistic work. Over 100,000 converts were added the present year.

This jubilee convention is represented by three missionary societies—the Christian Women's Board of Missions, the American Christian Missionary society and the Foreign Christian Missionary society. It is in no sense a legislative body and never deals in trials. Delegates and visitors are here from foreign countries.

Among the pioneer preachers are Rev. C. L. Loos of Kentucky, Rev. H. Pritchard of Indiana, Rev. Robert Moffett of Ohio and Rev. W. T. Moore of Missouri. This year has been highly successful in missionary contributions, the total being over \$500,000.

The Christian Women's Board of Missions began its sessions with the address of Mrs. O. A. Burgess, president. Miss Lois A. White, secretary, presented the annual report.

Mrs. O. A. Burgess of Indianapolis called the woman's board to order. The report of the secretary, Miss Lois A. White, showed that over \$100,000 had been raised the past year for missions. The report of Mrs. Helen Moses on the Bible chair movement was loudly applauded. It is the purpose to establish such a chair for English Bible instruction at every state university. Prof. Coler, who occupies this chair at Ann Arbor, Mich., made an address.

The notable feature of the Christian woman's board of foreign missions was the memorial service at the Richmond Street church, where the society was organized 25 years ago. Mrs. C. N. Pearce of Indiana, who was the leader in the organization, gave a touching address of reminiscences. Miss Jennie R. Errett of Ohio, daughter of the late Rev. Dr. Isaac Errett, read an address on "Leaves From Unwritten History." Many of the charter members were present.

So large were the crowds that two overflow meetings were held.

LAST WEEK OF EXPOSITION.

It Has Been the Greatest in the History of Pittsburgh and You Can't Afford to Miss It.

Another week will witness the close of the Pittsburgh Exposition for the season of 1891. It has been a season of continued triumph thus far and the indications are that the closing week will witness even greater enthusiasm and public interest than any previous week. The big autumnal show, Good music and worthy attractions in the line of exhibits are the elements of success of an enterprise of this character and these the Pittsburgh Exposition has had in abundance this season. With bands like those of Sousa and Godfrey and the celebrated Damschroeder orchestra, the patrons of the Pittsburgh show have enjoyed a feast of music such as they never heard before. The season closes with Frederick N. Innes and his celebrated concert band of 50 musicians, who come here from St. Louis, where they were greeted daily by thousands of people at the Exposition in this city.

There is a strong probability that Admiral Dewey will visit the Pittsburgh Exposition this fore part of the week on his way west. President Torrance of the Exposition society has extended an invitation to him through United States Senator Boies Penrose, and if he accepts, the senator will probably accompany him to Pittsburgh. The admiral is now with his young son in Vermont. Definite information concerning his prospective visit to the Exposition will be furnished later on. Should Admiral Dewey accept the invitation extended him the management will make elaborate preparations for his reception at the Exposition.

After many disconcerting experiments with a new machine which it is proposed to set up in mechanical hall at the Exposition, the gentlemen interested in the manufacture of liquid air have finally informed Manager Fitzpatrick of the Exposition that the machine is now ready for shipment to Pittsburgh and will positively give exhibitions and practical demonstrations during the closing week, from Oct. 16 to 23. This machine is the wonder of the age and there have, perhaps, been more inquiries about it at the Exposition than about any other invention or mechanical contrivance ever placed on exhibition.

Other features of the big Exposition during the closing week will be the celebrated "Cabaret de la Mort," or, as translated, "The House of the Dead," which gives mystifying illusions, such as the transforming of a human form of flesh and blood into a skeleton and then bringing it back to life; the growing of a full-blown rose bush from a tiny sprout in a flower pot, and various other tricks that deceive one and cause wonder to all who witness them. It is one of the finest attractions of the kind that has ever visited Pittsburgh. The show is splendidly housed in the music wing of the main building free from wind and weather. It was formerly under canvas at the west end of the grounds.

The cinematograph, with its splendid views of the Dewey day parade and reception in New York, the landing of the admiral on the pier at Gibraltar, and various moving pictures of a serio comic character is always interesting to those who do not often have an opportunity of witnessing scenes of this character. The cinematograph is located in the art gallery on the second floor. Adjoining it is the art gallery annex, in which is reproduced the famous \$25,000 painting entitled, "Custer's Last Rally," being a graphic portrayal of the last moments of the gallant commander in that memorable battle, when his entire command was stricken down.

The coming of Innes and his famous Fitty is hailed with delight by all lovers of popular military band music. Conductor Innes is prepared for the occasion, too, and promises some of the best arranged and highly interesting programs ever given at the big autumnal show. Nearly every day of his stay at the Exposition will be a special day. On Tuesday afternoon he will give a popular concert; Tuesday evening is entitled an evening with the French composers; Wednesday afternoon English, Irish, Welsh, Scotch and American melodies will be given; Wednesday night the program will be a sample of a request program given in St. Louis under the auspices of the new opera house. Thursday afternoon Beethoven selections will be given, and Thursday evening selections by Russian composers. Friday afternoon is entitled an afternoon with Verdi, and Friday evening, an evening with Richard Wagner. On Saturday night the music theatre, which Innes promises to give a veritable feast of music.

GERMANY WOULD TAKE ACTION.

Wants an International Force to Police Mines in Transvaal.

BERLIN, Oct. 14.—The German foreign office gave out information that Germany would gladly co-operate in a courteous, though urgently worded request to the Transvaal government to permit the creation of an international police force to protect the mines.

U. S. Consul to Act For England.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—The state department was notified of the withdrawal from Pretoria of Mr. Conyngham Greene, the British diplomatic agent to the South African republic, and the existence of a state of war between Great Britain and that republic. Mr. Macrum, the American consul at Pretoria, has accordingly been instructed to undertake the care of the British interests in that section during the war.

England Prepares For Europe.

NEW YORK, Oct. 14.—A dispatch to The World from London said in part: The formation of a British flying squadron has created considerable bewilderment. It is purely a defensive measure and inspired by the bitter hostilities to England displayed by the continental press.

A feature of the jubilee convention will be the communion service Sunday afternoon, provision for which has been made in three of the largest auditoriums of the city, and in which 10,000 persons are expected to participate.

A Soldier's Death Reported.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 14.—General Davis, from San Juan, Porto Rico, reported to the war department the death, on Oct. 12, of James Mann, Company M, Eleventh infantry, cause not determined.

Senator Scott Was Better.

MORGANTOWN, W. Va., Oct. 14.—Senator Scott is out of immediate danger from an attack of facial erysipelas, but will not be able to be removed to his home for a week.

Bubbles made of filtered castle-soap suds and glycerine will last for days.

The ancient Hindoos called the stars of the Great Dipper the "Seven Poets."

Something very similar to the telephone was used in China 1,200 years ago.

Twenty-five women have been hanged in England during Queen Victoria's reign.

THE TYRANT CUPID.



Say what you will, Cupid is somewhat of a tyrant after all. He waves his lash of government over the head of every woman who elects him to rule her life. No woman can choose the happiness and honor of wifehood and motherhood without being subject also to its pains and penalties.

But no woman ought to suffer as most do from those ailments and weaknesses which are due to her peculiarly delicate and susceptible organism. Every woman ought to know that Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription will cure these unnatural and debilitating troubles. It cures them absolutely, completely, permanently. It contains no alcohol to create a craving for stimulants.

It is with heart-felt gratitude that I must tell you what your medicine has done for me. I writes Mrs. A. F. Crenshaw, of Passaic, N. J., Sumter Co., Fla. in a letter to Dr. R. V. Pierce of Buffalo, N. Y. "After consulting you about my case I took your medicine and it cured me of female weakness. I was all run down; I suffered with sick headache, pains in the back and bearing down pains. I took two bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and was then able to take care of my house. My health is better than it has been for three years. I do not know how to thank you for the kind advice you gave so cheerfully."

This grand "Prescription" has accomplished the same beneficent purpose for thousands of women in every corner of this broad land. It imparts health, strength and endurance to the special organism of womanhood and gives tonic vitality to the entire nervous system. Its marvelous properties are more fully described in one chapter of the People's Common Sense Medical Adviser by R. V. Pierce, M. D., a splendid thousand-page illustrated volume which will be sent free paper-bound for 21 one-cent stamps to pay the cost of mailing only; or cloth-bound for 31 stamps.

Dyspepsia—band of human existence. Burdock Blood Bitters cures it, promptly, permanently. Regulates and tones the stomach.

The Banner Pile Cure

Is Banner Salve. It gives immediate relief and will soon effect a cure. 25c. Rider & Snyder.

Millions of dollars, is the value placed by Mrs. Mary Bird, Harrisburg, Pa., on the life of her child, which she saved from croup by the use of One Minute Cough Cure. It cures all coughs, colds and throat and lung troubles. Rider & Snyder and Chas. W. Cupples, 139 West Tremont street.

Too late to cure a cold after consumption has fastened its deadly grip on the lungs. Take Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup while yet there is time.

Kodol

Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion.

Prepared by E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago.

Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main Street.

Chas. W. Cupples, 139, W. Tremont Street.

One Girl Who Was Saved

Miss Frankie Hathaway, of Sixteenth Street, Holland, Mich., says:

"I am twenty-one years old, at sixteen I was pale and weak. By the time I was nineteen years old I was so weak I could not walk across the floor. I was terribly emaciated and my skin had lost all color. The doctor pronounced the disease anæmia. Being advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People, I bought a box, and before I had taken all of the pills found that they were doing me good. Appetite increased and the healthy color began to show in my cheeks and lips. I continued to use the pills until I found myself permanently cured. Since then I have had no return of my old trouble. I know that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People saved my life and I believe that no other medicine could have done it."—From *Ottawa Times, Holland, Mich.*

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after-effects of the grip, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexion, and all forms of weakness either in male or female.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are never sold by the dozen or hundred, but always in packages. At all druggists, or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., 50 cents per box, 6 boxes \$2.50.

INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS

Articles lost and found, houses to let or desired, help wanted, situations wanted, real estate bulletins and kindred announcements are more certain to produce results if advertised under this head than by any other means. Copy must be left not later than 10 a. m. to insure insertion the same day. Six publications of not more than 4 printed lines for 25 cents.

WANTED.

AGENTS—Four good reliable agents at once. Inquire at this office.

CURT—Experienced girl for general house work. References required. No. 3 Akron street.

SEVERAL bright and honest persons to represent us as managers in this and close-by counties. Salary \$40 a year and expenses. Straight, bona fide, no more, no less salary. Position permanent. Our references, any bank in town. It is mainly office work at home. Reference. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope. The Dominion Company, Dept. 2, Chicago.

FOR RENT.

FIVE roomed house on Paul street. Inquire of Ed. Wernet, corner of Paul and Cherry streets.

FOUR rooms for rent at 39 West Tremont street.

HOUSE and lot at northwest corner of Prospect and Wellman streets; seven rooms. Rental—\$12 and tenant to pay water rent. Warren E. Russell, 26 Prospect St.

SIX roomed house on Perry street. City and electric water. Inquire of Mr. Matthews, 23 Wood street.

TWO nicely furnished front rooms to permanent gentlemen lodgers. Furnace heat. Northeast corner Mill and Oak Sts.

MISCELLANEOUS.

ANY FARMERS having any fat stock of any kind to sell will do well to see W. M. Becker at Graze & Son's, 101 E. Erie St. Leave orders where they can be found.

KID Gloves cleaned, 6 cents per pair; men's suits, overcoats and hats cleaned and dyed. Silks, satins, ribbons and porters, all cleaned by dry process; no shrinking, fading or ripping. Mrs. A. M. Grojean, 42 E. Main street. Phone 21.

MONEY.

MONY TO LOAN—\$500 and upwards on household goods, horses, wagons, carriages, watches, diamonds, jewelry or any valuable security, and allow the goods to remain in your undisturbed possession; loans made same day you apply. Business strictly confidential. Miller & Miller, Room 2, Stone block, Erie St. In Saturday nights.

LOST.

BOOK—Four inches wide and six inches long, with red cover, marked ledger and indexed. Finder leave at Independent office.

GLASSES—A pair of gold glasses between 388 North Mill street and St. Mary's church. Finder please leave at Independent office.

JACKET—Thursday morning between Massillon and Nava, a tan colored cloth jacket, lined with pink satin. Finder please leave at Wade Bros. meat market and receive reward.

PIN—A plain gold, crescent shaped pin, between John Dangler's residence on Hill street, and Webb's residence on E. Main. Finder please leave at Independent office.

It May Save Your Life.

A dose or two of Foley's Honey and Tar will prevent an attack of pneumonia, grip or severe cold if taken in time. Cures coughs, colds, croup, La Grippe, hoarseness, difficult breathing, whooping cough, incipient consumption, asthma or bronchitis. Gives positive relief in advanced stages of consumption, asthma or bronchitis. Guaranteed. Rider & Snyder.

Is it a burn? Use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. A cure? Use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. At your druggists.

Sheriff's Sale.

THE STATE OF OHIO ss.
STARK COUNTY
The First National Bank of Massillon
vs.
Clement S. Dumbarton et al.

By virtue of an order of sale issued by the Clerk of the Court of Common Pleas of Stark County, Ohio, and to me directed, I will offer for sale at public auction, at the door of the Court House, in the city of Canton, on

Saturday, November 4, 1899,

the following described real estate to-wit: Said premises are a part of lot, present number 537, in the city of Massillon, in said county, 50 feet front on the west line of Cedar street, and with that width extending back to the east line of an alley 144 feet long on its north side and 144 feet on its south side, with its north line parallel with and distant 50 feet south from the north line of said lot, with the right to the use of an alley 10 feet wide on the south side of said lot, and another alley 10 feet wide on the west side extending northerly and southerly across said lot. The house number is 28 South Cedar street.

Appraised at \$1,500.

Terms cash.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a. m. JOHN J. ZAISER, Sheriff.

Baldwin & Young, Attorneys.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

Notice is hereby given to the qualified electors of Stark County, Ohio, that they meet at the usual places of holding elections in their respective Townships, Wards and Prec